PRELIMS RECKONER 2023

SOURCES OF INDIAN CONSTITUTION





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COUNTRIES

BORROWED FEATURES



✓ Federal Scheme

- ✓ Emergency Provisions
- ✓ Public Service Commissions
- ✓ Office of Governor
- ✓ Judiciary
- ✓ Administrative Details



✓ Preamble

- ✓ Fundamental Rights
- ✓ Removal of SC & HC Judges
- ✓ Post of Vice President
- ✓ Independence of Judiciary
- ✓ Separation of Powers b/w 3 organs of the govt.
- ✓ Judicial Review
- ✓ Impeachment of the President
- ✓ Equal protection of the law



✓ Parliamentary Govt.

- ✓ Rule of Law
- ✓ Legislative Procedure
- ✓ Single Citizenship

- ✓ Cabinet System
- ✓ Prerogative Writs.
- ✓ Parliamentary Privileges
- ✓ Bicameralism



- ✓ DPSP (Directive Principles of State Policy)
- ✓ Nomination of Members to Rajya Sabha
- ✓ Method of election of the President



CANADIAN

- ✓ Federation with a Strong Center
- ✓ Residuary Powers with the Centre
- ✓ Governor's appointment by the Centre
- ✓ Advisory Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court



- ✓ Concurrent List
- ✓ Freedom of Trade, Commerce & Inter-course
- ✓ Joint Sitting of the Parliament

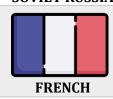


Suspension of Fundamental Rights during Emergencies.



✓ Fundamental Duties

Ideas of Justice (Social, Economic & Political) in the Preamble



- ✓ Republic
- ✓ Ideas of Liberty, Equality & Fraternity in the Preamble





- ✓ Procedure to Amend the Constitution
- ✓ Election of Members to Rajya Sabha



✓ Procedure established by Law



DID YOU KNOW?

"As to the accusation that the Draft Constitution has [re]produced a good part of the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1935, I make no apologies. There is nothing to be ashamed of in borrowing. It involves no plagiarism. Nobody holds any patent rights in the fundamental ideas of a Constitution..."

- Dr B.R Ambedkar

- ✓ The Constitution was ratified on 26th November 1949 and legally validated (came into effect) on 26th January 1950. There are a total of **105 amendments** in the Constitution.
- ✓ There was a total of 395 articles, 22 parts, and eight schedules; however, now there are **448 Articles**, **25 Parts & 12 Schedules**.
- ✓ 284 of the 299 members each signed two copies of the constitution, one in **Hindi** and the other in **English**. The original constitution is hand-written, with each page decorated by artists from Shantiniketan including B. Rammanohar Sinha and Nandalal Bose. Its calligrapher was Prem Behari Narain Raizada.
- ✓ It took **2 years, 11 months, and 18 days** to write the Constitution. Currently, the original copies are preserved in helium filled containers in the Indian Parliament at Delhi, India.